## We claim:

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- 1. A process for producing an *Escherichia coli* strain capable of producing between about 95 and about 150 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture, said process comprising:
- (a) inserting into the chromosome of an *E. coli* at least one threonine operon operably linked to a non-native promoter to produce a parent strain; and
- (b) performing at least one cycle of mutagenesis on the parent strain, followed by screening the mutagenized cells to identify *E. coli* which produce between about 95 and about 150 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.
- 2. The process of claim 1, wherein the *E. coli* strain is capable of producing between about 100 and about 140 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.
- 3. The process of claim 2, wherein the E. coli strain is capable of producing between about 110 and about 130 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.
- 4. The process of claim 3, wherein the *E. coli* strain is capable of producing between about 110 and about 120 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.
- 5. The process of claim 1, wherein mutagenesis is performed using an agent selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) an alkylating agent;
  - (b) an intercalating agent; and
  - (c) ultraviolet light.

- 6. The process of claim 1, wherein two or three threonine operons are inserted into the chromosome of the *E. coli*.
- 7. The process of claim 6, wherein the individual threonine operons are operably linked to at least two different non-native promoters.

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- 8. The process of claim 1, wherein the non-native promoter is selected from the group consisting of the *tac* promoter, the *lac* promoter, the *lpp* promoter, the  $P_L$  promoter and the  $P_R$  promoter.
- 9. The process according to claim 8, wherein the non-native promoter is the *tac* promoter.
- 10. The process of claim 1, wherein the threonine operon contains a gene that encodes a feedback-resistant aspartate kinase-homoserine dehydrogenase.
- 11. The process according to claim 1, wherein the *E. coli* strain contains a defective threonine dehydrogenase gene on the chromosome.
- 12. The process of claim 1, wherein the threonine operon is obtained from the strain deposited as ATCC Deposit No. 21277.
- 13. The process of claim 1, wherein the mutagenized cells are screened to identify *E. coli* which are resistant to threonine raffinate.
- 14. The process of claim 1, wherein the mutagenized cells are screened to identify *E. coli* which are resistant to borrelidin.

15.	The p	rocess o	of claim	1,	wherein	the	mutageni	zed cells	are
screened to	identify	E. coli	which	are	resistant	to	threonine	raffinate	and
borrelidin.									

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16. The process of claim 1, wherein the *E. coli* strain has the characteristics of the strain deposited as NRRL B-30318.

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characteristics of the strain deposited as NRRL B-30319.

The process of claim 1, wherein the E. coli strain has the

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18. An E. coli strain produced by the process of claim 1.

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19. An *E. coli* strain comprising at least one chromosomally integrated threonine operon operably linked to a non-native promoter,

wherein said *E. coli* strain is capable of producing between about 95 and about 150 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture, and

wherein said *E. coli* strain is not strain KY10935, strain ADM TH1.2, or strain ADM Kat13.

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20. The *E. coli* strain of claim 19 which is capable of producing between about 100 and about 140 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.

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21. The *E. coli* strain of claim 20 which is capable of producing between about 110 and about 130 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.

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22. The *E. coli* strain of claim 21 which is capable of producing between about 110 and about 120 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.

- 23. The *E. coli* strain of claim 19 comprising a threonine operon obtained from the strain deposited as ATCC Deposit No. 21277.
- 24. The *E. coli* strain of claim 19 which is resistant to threonine raffinate.
  - 25. The E. coli strain of claim 19 which is resistant to borrelidin.
- 26. The *E. coli* strain of claim 19 which is resistant to threonine raffinate and borrelidin.
- 27. The *E. coli* strain of claim 19, wherein said strain is selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) the strain deposited as NRRL B-30318; and
  - (b) the strain deposited as NRRL B-30319.

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- 28. A process for producing L-threonine, which comprises the steps of:
  - (a) culturing an E. coli strain of claim 19 in a culture medium; and
  - (b) recovering L-threonine from the culture medium.
- 29. The process of claim 28, wherein the *E. coli* strain is capable of producing between about 100 and about 140 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.
- 30. The process of claim 29, wherein the *E. coli* strain is capable of producing between about 110 and about 130 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.

31. The process of claim 30, wherein the *E. coli* strain is capable of producing between about 110 and about 120 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.

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32. The process of claim 28, wherein the non-native promoter is selected from the group consisting of the tac promoter, the lac promoter, the lpp promoter, the  $P_L$  promoter and the  $P_R$  promoter.

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33. The process according to claim 32, wherein the non-native promoter is the *tac* promoter.

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34. The process of claim 28, wherein the threonine operon contains a gene that encodes a feedback-resistant aspartate kinase-homoserine dehydrogenase.

35. The process according to claim 28, wherein the *E. coli* strain contains a defective threonine dehydrogenase gene on the chromosome.

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36. The process of claim 28, wherein the threonine operon is obtained from the strain deposited as ATCC Deposit No. 21277.

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threonine raffinate.

The process of claim 28, wherein the E. coli strain is resistant to

The process of claim 28, wherein the E. coli strain is resistant to

borrelidin.

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39. The process of claim 28, wherein the *E. coli* strain is resistant to threonine raffinate and borrelidin.

- 40. The process of claim 28, wherein the *E. coli* strain has the characteristics of the *E. coli* strain deposited as NRRL B-30319.
- 41. The process of claim 28, wherein the *E. coli* strain has the characteristics of a strain selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) the strain deposited as NRRL B-30318; and
  - (b) the strain deposited as NRRL B-30319.

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- 42. The process of claim 28, wherein the *E. coli* strain is a strain selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) the strain deposited as NRRL B-30318; and
  - (b) the strain deposited as NRRL B-30319.
- 43. An *E. coli* strain which is resistant to threonine raffinate and is capable of producing between about 95 and about 150 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.
- 44. The *E. coli* strain of claim 43 which is capable of producing between about 100 and about 140 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.
- 45. The *E. coli* strain of claim 44 which is capable of producing between about 110 and about 130 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.
- 46. The *E. coli* strain of claim 45 which is capable of producing between about 110 and about 120 g/L of L-threonine by about 48 hours of growth in culture.

- 47. The *E. coli* strain of claim 43, wherein the threonine operon encodes a feedback-resistant aspartate kinase I-homoserine dehydrogenase I gene (*thrA*), a homoserine kinase (*thrB*) gene, and a threonine synthase gene (*thrC*).
- 48. The *E. coli* strain of claim 43, wherein the threonine operon is obtained from the strain deposited as ATCC Deposit No. 21277.

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- 49. The *E. coli* strain of claim 43 which contains a defective threonine dehydrogenase gene on the chromosome.
  - 50. The E. coli strain of claim 43 which is resistant to borrelidin.
- 51. The *E. coli* strain of claim 43 which has the characteristics of the strain deposited as NRRL B-30319.
  - 52. An E. coli strain selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) the strain deposited as NRRL B-30316; and
  - (b) the strain deposited as NRRL B-30317.